#### MEMORANDUM

July 21, 2025

TO: Joint Government Operations and Fiscal Policy (GO) and

Planning, Housing, and Parks (PHP) Committees

FROM: Ludeen McCartney-Green, Legislative Attorney

SUBJECT: Bill 25-25, Taxation – Payments in Lieu of Taxes – Public Housing Authorities

PURPOSE: Worksession – to receive a Committee recommendation

#### **Expected Attendees**

Representatives from the Department of Finance Representatives from the Department of Housing and Community Affairs

Bill 25-25, Taxation – Payments in Lieu of Taxes – Public Housing Authorities, sponsored by Lead Sponsor Councilmember Katz and Co-Sponsored by Councilmembers Friedson and Luedtke, was introduced on June 17, 2025. A public hearing was held on July 8, 2025, at 1:30 p.m. A joint Planning, Housing, and Parks (PHP) Committee and Government Operations and Fiscal Policy (GO) Committee worksession is tentatively scheduled for July 24, 2025.

#### Bill 25-25 would:

- (1) define housing authority;
- (2) expand the automatic payment in lieu of taxes for public housing authorities of qualifying housing developments;
- (3) modify the procedural method for executive regulations;
- (4) make technical and stylistic changes; and
- (5) generally amend the law governing a payment in lieu of real property taxes.

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of Bill 25-25 is to increase the housing stock in the County by expanding the existing tax abatement program, payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT), for an affordable housing development owned or controlled by a public housing authority or an affiliated nonprofit entity of a public housing authority. A PILOT provides a negotiated agreement that allows the County to lower or exempt 100% of the costs of real property taxes in exchange for a property owner's commitment to provide affordable housing.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The authority for the County to grant a PILOT is expressly authorized under state law. The enabling authority for County PILOTs related to qualified affordable housing is found in Md. Code Ann., Tax-Prop. § 7-506.1 ("Government subsidized housing outside Baltimore City"); Md. Code Ann., Tax-Prop. §7-215 ("Housing authorities"); and Md. Code Ann., HCD. §12-104 ("Tax-exempt status").

In December 2021, the County Council passed Bill 26-21, Taxation – Payments in Lieu of Taxes – Affordable Housing - Amendments. Bill 26-21 amended County Code §52-24, and among other things, the bill established a "by-right" or "automatic" PILOT. A "by-right" or "automatic" PILOT means the entity has a legal right to the benefit as long as they meet certain predefined criteria. Bill 26-21 made it a requirement for the County to enter into a negotiated agreement with the developer and offer a Payment-in-Lieu-of-Taxes (PILOT) program, simply because before the legislation was enacted, the amount of the PILOT was discretionary and not always guaranteed by the Director of Finance.

There are 3 types of "by-right" PILOTs established under Bill 26-21, where the Director of Finance, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Affairs (DCHA), must offer a 100% PILOT for qualifying housing developments. The 3 PILOTs are: 1) owned or controlled by County's **Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC)**; (2) owned or controlled **by a non-profit housing developer if at least 50% of the dwelling units** are built under government regulation or binding agreement that limit the rent charged for at least 15 years to an amount affordable to households earning less than 60% of the area median income; and (3) owned or controlled by a non-profit housing developer if all of the dwelling units are subject to a **Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance** contract.

Under County law, HOC is the sole public housing authority that is eligible for a 100% property tax abatement financing. The General Assembly recently passed <a href="HouseBill 1085">Housing Authorities - Tax-Exempt Status – Modifications</a>), effective June 1, 2025, which removed the specific carve-out for HOC under §12-104 of Housing and Community Development (HCD) Article, and expanded the ability for other local housing authorities and nonprofit entities created by a public housing authority to take advantage of the tax-exempt status. Enabling legislation would make the same financing tools available statewide and standardize a toolkit for all local housing authorities.

Rockville Housing Enterprises (RHE) operates as a public housing authority that provides affordable rental housing to low and moderate-income individuals and families in the City of Rockville.<sup>1</sup>

Bill 25-25 seeks to align with state law and expand the by-right PILOT for any eligible public housing authority in the County.

#### **BILL SPECIFICS**

As permitted under state law, Bill 25-25 would amend the County law by extending the eligibility for automatic 100% PILOT agreements, not only for HOC, but for any other public

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.rockvillehe.org/

housing authority of the County, municipal, or an affiliated entity of that public housing authority that is the owner of a qualified housing development.

The bill defines "housing authority" as having the same meaning as stated in Md. HCD §12-101, which means, "a public corporation created as a housing authority under this Division II." Division II refers to the housing authority of the County, municipal, or designated in the articles of organization.<sup>2</sup> Further, the bill also incorporates by meaning under HCD §12-204, as amended, that a "housing authority entity" is a nonprofit or subsidiary owned or controlled by a housing authority that may also be eligible for a PILOT.

In addition, the bill modifies the procedural method for reviewing the executive regulations - from Method 1 to Method 2. Method 2 review allows the Council, after a 30-day public comment period, to review the regulations governing this program and decide whether to approve or reject them within 60 days.

Finally, Bill 25-25 makes technical and stylistic changes to comply with the Maryland Plain Language Drafting Manual.

#### SUMMARY OF IMPACT STATEMENTS

Racial Equity and Social Justice (RESJ)

As provided by the Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO), Bill 25-25 will have a positive impact on racial equity and social justice in the County. Expanding the By Right Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) to public housing authorities outside of the Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC) could incentivize the development of more affordable housing units. This would especially benefit Black and Latinx families who live in Rockville, since Rockville Housing Enterprises is currently the only other public housing authority in the County. (See, © 5).

Climate Assessment

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Bill 25-25 will likely have a small, positive impact on the County's community climate resilience as it could lead to an increase in affordable housing stock in the County. (See, © 9).

Fiscal Impact Statement (FIS)

The Office of Management and Budget transmitted a fiscal impact statement indicating that the Department of Housing and Community Affairs, who review PILOT requests, "projects that the revenue impact resulting from this expansion to be small, given the limited scale of RHE's past housing acquisition or production." Therefore, there is no expected impact on expenditure or revenue. (See, © 12).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> §12-201 of Housing and Community Development Article ("Authorities established").

#### Economic Impact Statement

The Economic Impact Statement was not available at the time of publication of this staff report. It can be found at the below address when available: <u>Economic Impact Statements - Office of Legislative Oversight- Montgomery County, Maryland (montgomerycountymd.gov)</u>

#### SUMMARY OF PUBLIC HEARING

A public hearing for Bill 25-25 was held on July 8, 2025, where two speakers testified, and one provided written testimony in support of the bill. See written by Rich Biedrzycki (© 14). Steve Silverman, on behalf of RHE, focused on the premise that the PILOT created by Bill 25-25 would help encourage the development of affordable housing to deal with the housing shortage in Montgomery County, and also requested confirmation by DHCA that it would recognize RHE as eligible for a by-right PILOT. However, Eileen Finnegan raised concerns about the bill not addressing loopholes for for-profit landowners with long-term ground rent agreements for non-profit housing projects.

#### ISSUES FOR THE COMMITTEE'S DISCUSSION

#### 1. Implementation – general discussion

For implementation and general inquiry regarding the administration of PILOTs, the Committee may ask the departments (DHCA or Finance) the following questions:

- a. What is the number of PILOT transactions the department reviews each year? How many are standard vs. by-right PILOTs? What is the current estimated value of the by-right PILOT transactions (or HOC-owned PILOTs)?
- b. Does DHCA/Finance have the staffing capacity to handle the expanded PILOT transactions for public housing authorities? RHE is the only known PHA in the County.
- c. Can DHCA explain the process for when a by-right PILOT may be transferred to a new owner? Are there provisions in the PILOT agreements that prohibit transfers to a "forprofit" entity? What are the specific conditions that a new owner must meet?
- d. What is the estimated timeline for when the executive regulations (COMCOR 52-18M.01)<sup>3</sup> will be updated and transmitted to the Council? The last update to the regulations was in 2003, but the PILOT law was recently amended in 2021.

#### 2. Technical Amendment

After consultation with the Office of County Attorney, Council staff recommends the joint Committee consider an amendment to ensure that the definition of "authority" on lines 9-11 of the Bill mirrors the same meaning as defined under state law (Section 12-101 of the HCD of the Md. Code) and remove the added emphasis of "public housing entity" from the definition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> COMCOR 52-18M.01 provides the eligibility criteria that an owner must meet to apply for a PILOT.

#### Amend lines 9-11, as follows:

<u>Authority [means a public housing entity] has the same meaning as defined under Section 12-101 of the Housing and Community Development Article of the Maryland Code, as amended.</u>

**Decision Point:** Whether the joint Committee agrees to amend the definition of "authority" to align exactly with the definition under state law?

**Next Steps:** Whether the Committee recommends Bill 25-25 for enactment, as amended?

This packet contains:	<u>Circle #</u>
Bill 25-25	1
Racial Equity and Social Justice Impact Statement	5
Climate Assessment	9
Fiscal Impact Statement	12
Public Testimony	14

Bill No	25-25
Concerning	: Taxation - Payments in Lieu
of Taxe	s - Public Housing Authorities
Revised: _	<u>6/2/2025</u> Draft No. <u>2</u>
Introduced:	June 17, 2025
Expires:	December 7, 2026
Enacted: _	
Executive:	
Effective: _	
Sunset Date	e:
Ch,	Laws of Mont. Co.

### **COUNTY COUNCIL** FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

Lead Sponsor: Councilmember Katz Co-Sponsors: Councilmembers Friedson and Luedtke

#### AN ACT to:

- define housing authority; (1)
- expand the automatic payment in lieu of taxes for public housing authorities of (2) qualifying housing developments;
- modify the method of review for executive regulations; (3)
- make technical and stylistic changes; and **(4)**
- generally amend the law governing a payment in lieu of real property taxes. (5)

#### By amending

Montgomery County Code Chapter 52, Taxation Section 52-24

**Boldface** Heading or defined term. Underlining Added to existing law by original bill. [Single boldface brackets] Deleted from existing law by original bill. **Double underlining** Added by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

#### Sec. 1. Section 52-24 is amended as follows:

#### 52-24. Payments in lieu of taxes for certain housing developments.

(a) *Definitions*. In this Section, the following words have the following meanings.

Area median income means the median household income for the Washington, DC metropolitan area as estimated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted by household size based on the occupancy standard for the unit.

Authority means a public housing entity as defined under Section 12-101 of the Housing and Community Development Article of the Maryland Code, as amended.

Director means the Director of Finance or the Director's designee.

Housing authority entity has the same meaning as defined under Section 12-104 of the Housing and Community Development Article of the Maryland Code, as amended.

Payment in lieu of taxes means an authorized payment made by the owner of a qualifying housing development instead of paying the County real property tax, including a County real property tax levied under a special area taxing law, that would otherwise be due.

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- (b) When authorized by state law, the Director may agree to accept a negotiated payment in lieu of the real property tax that would otherwise be levied on a qualifying housing development. A qualifying housing development is any housing development of which the owner is expressly eligible under state law to make payments in lieu of taxes.
- (c) When authorized by state law, the Director must offer a payment in lieu of taxes for a qualifying housing development:

28	(1)	owned or controlled by an authority or housing authority entity
29		[the Housing Opportunities Commission] that exempts 100[%]
30		percent of the real property tax that would otherwise be levied;

- owned or controlled by a non-profit housing developer if at least 50[%] percent of the dwelling units located on the property receiving the payment in lieu of taxes are built under a government regulation or binding agreement with the County limiting the rent charged for the unit for at least 15 years to make the unit affordable to households earning 60[%] percent or less of the area median income. The offer must exempt 100[%] percent of the real property tax that would otherwise be levied for a period of at least 15 years, but no more than the number of years that rents charged for 50[%] percent of the dwelling units must remain restricted to households earning 60[%] percent or less of the area median income; [or]
- (3) owned or controlled by a non-profit housing developer if all of the dwelling units are subject to a Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance Payment contract. The offer must exempt 100[%] percent of the real property tax that would otherwise be levied as long as the Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance Payment contract is in effect[.]; or

\* \* \*

(e) Any payment accepted by the Director must conform to guidelines included in a regulation adopted by the Executive under method [(1)] (2). Before the Director accepts a payment in lieu of taxes, the Director must consult the Director of the Department of Housing and Community Affairs on whether:

55	(1) the subject of the payment is a qualifying housing development;
56	and
57	(2) the amount of the payment complies with applicable guidelines.
58	(f) The Executive, in each annual operating budget submitted to the Council,
59	must calculate the amount of pending payments in lieu of taxes already
60	approved under this Section, including payments for housing
51	developments owned or [operated] controlled by an authority or housing
52	authority entity [the Housing Opportunities Commission].
63	Sec. 2. Transition. Section 1 of this Act applies to a qualifying housing
54	development owned or controlled by an authority or housing authority entity only if
65	the affordable dwelling units in the development are subject to government regulation
66	or a binding agreement with the County that limits the rent charged on or after this Act
57	takes effect

# Racial Equity and Social Justice (RESJ) Impact Statement

Office of Legislative Oversight

## BILL 25-25: TAXATION — PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES — PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITIES

#### **SUMMARY**

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Bill 25-25 will have a positive impact on racial equity and social justice (RESJ) in the County. Expanding the By Right Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) to public housing authorities outside of the Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC) could incentivize the development of more affordable housing units. This would especially benefit Black and Latinx families who live in Rockville, since Rockville Housing Enterprises is currently the only other public housing authority in the County.

#### PURPOSE OF RESJ IMPACT STATEMENTS

RESJ impact statements (RESJIS) evaluate the anticipated impact of legislation on racial equity and social justice in the County. RESJ is a **process** that focuses on centering the needs, leadership, and power of Black, Indigenous, and other People of Color (BIPOC) and communities with low incomes. RESJ is also a **goal** of eliminating racial and social inequities. Applying a RESJ lens is important to achieve RESJ. <sup>1</sup> This involves seeing, thinking, and working differently to address the racial and social inequities that cause racial and social disparities. <sup>2</sup>

#### PURPOSE OF BILL 25-25

The County's Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) program aims "to support the construction and preservation of affordable multifamily rental housing" in the County.<sup>3</sup> A PILOT lowers or completely abates County real property taxes on affordable rental housing projects for a given period. The By Right PILOT is one of three PILOT options offered by the County.<sup>4</sup> The By Right PILOT offers a 100 percent property tax exemption for qualifying housing developments.<sup>5</sup> Currently, HOC and non-profit housing developers can qualify for a By Right PILOT. Figure 1 provides more information on eligibility for the By Right PILOT.

Figure 1. Conditions to Qualify for By Right PILOT

Housing Developer	Conditions to Qualify
Public housing authority (HOC only)	At least 25 percent of the units in property are rented
	to households making up to 60 percent of the area
	median income (AMI) for at least 15 years. <sup>6</sup>
Non-profit	At least 50 percent of the units in property are rented
	to households making up to 60 percent of the AMI for
	at least 15 years.
Non-profit	All dwelling units in property are subject to Section 8
	Project-Based Rental Assistance Payment contract.

Source: Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25

As noted in Figure 1, HOC is the only public housing authority (PHA) in the County that can qualify for a By Right PILOT. Recent changes to state law now allow other PHAs and affiliated nonprofits to qualify for By Right PILOTs.<sup>7</sup>

## **RESJ Impact Statement**

Bill 25-25

The purpose of Bill 25-25 is to update eligibility for the County's By Right PILOT to align with recent changes to state law. If enacted, Bill 25-25 would extend eligibility for the By Right PILOT to any PHA in the County. Further, nonprofit entities owned by a PHA could also qualify for the By Right PILOT. Additionally, the Bill would require the Department of Finance to develop Method (2) regulations to implement the By Right PILOT program.<sup>8,9</sup>

The Council introduced Bill 25-25 on June 17, 2025.

This RESJIS builds on the RESJIS for Bill 18-24, Housing Policy – Standards and Procedures – Amendments, <sup>10</sup> which OLO published in October 2024. Please refer to this RESJIS for background on housing affordability and racial equity.

#### **ANTICIPATED RESJ IMPACTS**

To consider the anticipated impact of Bill 25-25 on RESJ in the County, OLO recommends the consideration of two related questions:

- Who would primarily benefit or be burdened by this bill?
- What racial and social inequities could passage of this bill weaken or strengthen?

OLO identified the following groups who would be impacted by Bill 25-25:

- PHAs other than HOC would benefit from having access to the By Right PILOT. Currently, Rockville Housing
  Enterprises (RHE) is the only other PHA in the County.<sup>11</sup> If PHAs are established in other County municipalities,
  such as Gaithersburg or Takoma Park, they could also benefit from the PILOT in the future.
  - PHAs are public entities that do not operate for profit. Their primary purpose is to manage public housing programs for community members with low incomes. As noted in Figure 1, for a PHA to receive a By Right PILOT, at least 25 percent of the units in a housing development must be affordable. By decreasing operating costs from property taxes, the PILOT could help RHE and future PHAs to develop more housing with affordable units. Of note, RHE owns 372 housing units across several properties in Rockville. Of these units, 317 (85 percent) are affordable. This suggests RHE would likely use the PILOT to develop housing where most units are affordable.
- Community members who demand affordable housing would benefit from more housing availability if the
  PILOT incentivizes PHAs to develop more housing with affordable units. As described in the RESJIS for Bill 18-24,
  historical and contemporary racial inequities drive increased demand in affordable housing among Black and
  Latinx families in the County.<sup>14</sup> Racial inequities in housing worsen racial inequities in other areas of health and
  well-being for BIPOC.<sup>15,16</sup>
  - In Rockville specifically, Black and Latinx families are most likely to demand affordable housing. As of 2025, 60 percent of the AMI for a family of four in the County is \$98,340.<sup>17</sup> As noted in Table A (Appendix), the median incomes of Black and Latinx families who live in Rockville each fall below this threshold.

## **RESJ Impact Statement**

Bill 25-25

• Community members at large would be burdened by 15 years of forgone property tax revenue from housing developed with a By Right PILOT. Property taxes are the largest source of tax revenue for the County government. The forgone revenue would undermine the County's ability to provide public goods and services, especially with the increased demand from community members who are moving into the new housing. The resource limitations could particularly harm BIPOC community members, especially as they continue to become a larger part of the population.

**Conclusion.** OLO anticipates Bill 25-25 will have a positive impact on RESJ in the County. Expanding the By Right PILOT to PHAs outside of HOC could incentivize the development of more affordable housing units. RHE is currently the only other PHA in the County. Thus, OLO anticipates this Bill would especially benefit Black and Latinx families who live in Rockville, since they are most likely to demand affordable housing. Given the importance of housing to multiple areas of health and well-being, the benefit of more affordable housing is likely to outweigh the burden of forgone property tax revenue to BIPOC.

#### **RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS**

The Racial Equity and Social Justice Act requires OLO to consider whether recommended amendments to bills aimed at narrowing racial and social inequities are warranted in developing RESJ impact statements. <sup>19</sup> OLO anticipates Bill 25-25 will have a positive impact on RESJ in the County. As such, OLO does not offer recommended amendments.

#### **CAVEATS**

Two caveats to this racial equity and social justice impact statement should be noted. First, predicting the impact of legislation on racial equity and social justice is a challenging analytical endeavor due to data limitations, uncertainty, and other factors. Second, this RESJ impact statement is intended to inform the legislative process rather than determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does not represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the bill under consideration.

#### **APPENDIX**

Table A. Median Household Income by Race and Ethnicity, Rockville

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Race or ethnicity <sup>20</sup>	Median Household Income		
Rockville	\$122,384		
Asian	\$114,773		
Black	\$77,149		
White	\$140,797		
Latinx	\$94.506		

Source: Table S1903, 2023 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Census Bureau

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Definition of racial equity and social justice adopted from Marlysa Gamblin et al., "Applying Racial Equity to U.S. Federal Nutrition Programs," Bread for the World and Racial Equity Tools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT), Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

## **RESJ Impact Statement**

#### Bill 25-25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25, Montgomery County Council, Introduced June 17, 2025, pg. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clarified by Council staff on June 24, 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25, pg. 2.

<sup>8</sup> Ibid, pgs. 3-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Under Method (2), the Council can approve or disapprove the proposed regulation by Council resolution. If the Council does not vote on the regulation within 60 days, it is automatically approved. Refer to Montgomery County Code § 2A-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> RESJIS for Bill 18-24, Office of Legislative Oversight, October 3, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Maryland Public Housing Authorities, Maryland Inclusive Housing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Public Housing, National Housing Law Project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 2023 Annual Report, Rockville Housing Enterprises, pgs. 6-8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> "Racial Inequities in Housing," Opportunity Starts at Home, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Housing and health, Local Housing Solutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> 2025 Rent and Income Limits, Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> FY25 Approved Taxes, Revenues, Montgomery County Operating Budget.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> <u>Bill 27-19</u>, <u>Administration – Human Rights – Office of Racial Equity and Social Justice – Racial Equity and Social Justice Advisory Committee – Established, Montgomery County Council.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Race is inclusive of Latinx origin for data points presented in this RESJIS, unless otherwise noted. Estimates for Native American and Pacific Islander community members are not available for all data points in this RESJIS.

## **Climate Assessment**

Office of Legislative Oversight

## BILL 25-25: TAXATION – PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES – PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITIES

#### **SUMMARY**

The Office of Legislative Oversight (OLO) anticipates Bill 25-25 will likely have a small, positive impact on the County's community climate resilience as it could lead to an increase in affordable housing stock in the County.

#### **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE OF BILL 25-25**

The County's Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) program aims "to support the construction and preservation of affordable multifamily rental housing" in the County. A PILOT lowers or completely abates County real property taxes on affordable rental housing projects for a given period. The By Right PILOT is one of three PILOT options offered by the County. This PILOT offers a 100 percent property tax exemption for qualifying housing developments. Currently, the Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC) and non-profit housing developers can qualify for a By Right PILOT. Figure 1 provides more information on eligibility for the PILOT.

Figure 1. Conditions to Qualify for By Right PILOT

Housing Developer	Conditions to Qualify
Public housing authority (HOC	At least 25 percent of the units in property are
only)	rented to households making up to 60 percent of
	the area median income (AMI) for at least 15
	years. <sup>4</sup>
Non-profit	At least 50 percent of the units in property are
	rented to households making up to 60 percent of
	the AMI for at least 15 years.
Non-profit	All dwelling units in property are subject to
	Section 8 Project-Based Rental Assistance
	Payment contract.

Source: Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25

As noted in Figure A, HOC is the only public housing authority (PHA) in the County that can qualify for a By Right PILOT. Recent changes to state law now allow other PHAs and affiliated nonprofits to qualify for this PILOT.<sup>5</sup>

The purpose of Bill 25-25 is to update eligibility for the County's By Right PILOT to align with recent changes to state law. If enacted, Bill 25-25 would extend eligibility for the PILOT to any PHA in the County. Further, other

nonprofit entities owned by a PHA could also qualify for the PILOT. Additionally, the Bill would require the Department of Finance to develop Method (2) regulations to implement the By Right PILOT program.<sup>6,7</sup>

The Council introduced Bill 25-25 on June 17, 2025.

#### **ANTICIPATED IMPACTS**

The affordability of a community's housing stock has a direct correlation to the overall resilience of a community, and on its ability to prepare for current and future risks.<sup>8</sup> It can do so in two ways:

- Increasing housing stability which can increase community resilience by building community ties and enabling residents to stay better connected during emergencies; and
- Alleviating cost-burdened households by providing more affordable housing options, which allows
  these households to have more cash on hand to weather shocks, such as extreme weather events.<sup>9</sup>

By expanding the by-right PILOT for all eligible PHAs in the County, it could increase the stock of affordable housing in the County, although it is not possible to anticipate how much affordable housing would be created by this Bill. Currently, there is only one PHA besides the HOC, which is Rockville Housing Enterprises (RHE) although more PHAs could be created in the future. Therefore, OLO anticipates Bill 25-25 could have a small positive impact on the County's community climate resilience.

#### RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS

The Climate Assessment Act requires OLO to offer recommendations, such as amendments or other measures to mitigate any anticipated negative climate impacts. <sup>11</sup> OLO does not offer recommendations or amendments as Bill 25-25 is likely to have little to no impact on the County's contribution to addressing climate change, including the reduction and/or sequestration of greenhouse gas emissions, community resilience, and adaptative capacity.

#### **CAVEATS**

OLO notes two caveats to this climate assessment. First, predicting the impacts of legislation upon climate change is a challenging analytical endeavor due to data limitations, uncertainty, and the broad, global nature of climate change. Second, the analysis performed here is intended to inform the legislative process, not determine whether the Council should enact legislation. Thus, any conclusion made in this statement does not represent OLO's endorsement of, or objection to, the bill under consideration.

#### PURPOSE OF CLIMATE ASSESSMENTS

The purpose of the Climate Assessments is to evaluate the anticipated impact of legislation on the County's contribution to addressing climate change. These climate assessments will provide the Council with a more thorough understanding of the potential climate impacts and implications of proposed legislation, at the County level. The scope of the Climate Assessments is limited to the County's contribution to addressing climate change, specifically upon the County's contribution to greenhouse gas emissions and how actions suggested by legislation could help improve the County's adaptative capacity to climate change, and therefore, increase community resilience.

While co-benefits such as health and cost savings may be discussed, the focus is on how proposed County bills may impact GHG emissions and community resilience.

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

OLO staffer Kaitlyn Simmons drafted this assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT), Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25, Montgomery County Council, Introduced June 17, 2025, pg. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clarified by Council staff on June 24, 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Introduction Staff Report for Bill 25-25, pg. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid, pgs. 3-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Under Method (2), the Council can approve or disapprove the proposed regulation by Council resolution. If the Council does not vote on the regulation within 60 days, it is automatically approved. Refer to Montgomery County Code § 2A-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The Community Resilience Benchmarks, Alliance for National and Community Resilience, Accessed 6/24/2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> "Equitable Adaptation Legal and Policy Toolkit: Resilient Affordable Housing, Anti-Displacement, and Gentrification", Georgetown University Climate Center, Accessed 6/24/2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Staff comment; Rockville Housing Enterprises | Public Housing Agency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Bill 3-22, Legislative Branch – Climate Assessments – Required, Montgomery County Council, Effective date October 24, 2022



Bill 25-25	Taxation - P Authorities	ayments	in Lieu o	f Taxes	- Public	Housin	ng
Bill Summary	Bill 25-25 would expand the existing automatic payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) system for public housing authorities of qualifying housing developments to also include developments owned or controlled by public housing authorities in Montgomery County beyond the Housing Opportunities Commission (HOC) as authorized by Chapter 169 of 2025.						
Fiscal Impact Summary	This bill is not exp	pected to have	any fiscal ii	mpact.			
Fiscal Year	2	6 27	28	29	30	31	Total
Personnel Costs	\$	0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Operating Expenses	\$	0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Expenditures	\$	0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Revenues	\$	0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Impact	\$	0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
FTE	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Fiscal Impact Analysis  Staff Impact	amendment. This legislation would expand the by-right PILOT to the Rockville Housing Enterprises (RHE), the only other public housing authority in the County. DHCA projects that the revenue impact resulting from this expansion to be small, given the limited scale of RHE's past housing acquisition or production. As such, there is no expenditure or revenue impact.  The bill is not expected to impact staff time or duties.						
Actuarial Analysis	The bill is not expected to impact retiree pension or group insurance costs.						
Information Technology Impact	The bill is not expected to impact the County Information Technology (IT) or Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems.						
Other Information							
Later actions that may impact revenue or expenditures if future spending is projected	The bill does not						
operang to projected		authorize futu	re spending.				
Contributors	Scott Bruton, Dep Pofen Salem, Dep Robert Love, Dep	artment of Hu	sing and Cou	mmunity Aff	fairs		



2025 | Montgomery County, MD page 1 of 2

Lawrence Cager, Department of Husing and Community Affairs Joy Champaloux, Department of Husing and Community Affairs Anita Aryeetey, Office of management and Budget



2025 | Montgomery County, MD page 2 of 2

My name is Rich Biedrzycki. I am a resident of downtown Bethesda and a member of Strong Towns DC, a local conversation whose goal is to make our communities more financially resilient and affordable for everyone.

We support Bill 25-25. Montgomery County, like the rest of the country, is facing a housing shortage. This has resulted in the cost of living to skyrocket as more and more of our paychecks go to pay for housing. By expanding the PILOT program, this legislation will encourage development of more, desperately-needed housing. Addressing the housing crisis cannot be done through a one-size-fits-all approach. Allowing non-profit developers to reap the full benefits of the program as well, not just the Housing Opportunities Commission, is a good step in addressing the shortage.

Because the requirements stipulate that the non-profit developers either work with Section 8 housing vouchers or have at least 50% affordable units, developers who qualify would likely receive less operational income from renting out these units. Reduced operational income would mean increased difficulties paying property taxes, especially if rates increase. By expanding this PILOT, these developments would be more likely to pencil out as long-term costs of property taxes could be avoided. This would then allow for more housing for our lower income residents.

We would like to emphasize that this should only be one of many steps taken to address the housing crisis. The median price for a home in Montgomery County, according to Zillow, is \$633,000. This is simply unattainable for middle class families. Without bringing costs down, the county will lose teachers, firefighters, social workers, and healthcare workers as they become unable to afford the cost of housing. Thus, if unaddressed, the housing crisis will become a public health crisis. We have already heard from a nurse whose office had to delay appointments for patients because other nurses were unable to arrive due to highway closures preventing them from commuting from their homes as no affordable housing was close to their work. Situations like this is why we would like to see more changes made to reduce the cost of housing.

Some changes that we would like to see implemented are upzoning, particularly property located near public transit like MetroRail and BRT stations; by-right development of duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes; by-right development of accessory dwelling units; faster development application approval time; reducing minimum lot sizes and setbacks; and eliminating minimum parking requirements.

Let us be clear that we should not let the perfect be the enemy of the good. While we would like to see legislation expanded upon, we cannot get bogged down in constant deliberation while the housing crisis worsens. This bill, along with the More Housing NOW package should be passed. Following that, the council should continue to work on legislation to address the housing crisis, including, but not limited to, the recommendations outlined above.

We are thankful for the county allowing us to comment on this legislation. We would like to thank Councilmember Katz for sponsoring this legislation. We hope to see this bill, as well as other prohousing legislation, passed.