

Bill No. 6-25  
Concerning: Consumer Protection –  
Defective Tenancies as Deceptive  
Trade Practices  
Revised: 1/28/2025 Draft No. 2  
Introduced: February 11, 2025  
Enacted: April 1, 2025  
Executive: April 14, 2025  
Effective: July 14, 2025  
Sunset Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ch. 9 , Laws of Mont. Co. 2025

## COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

---

Lead Sponsor: Councilmember Mink  
Co-Sponsors: Council President Stewart, Council Vice President Jawando, and Councilmember  
Luedtke

---

**AN ACT** to:

- (1) expand the definition of “person” to include a landlord;
- (2) clarify consumer goods and services include rental housing;
- (3) remove the exemption for defective tenancies or complaints related to landlord-tenant matters;
- (4) clarify the enforcement and penalties under Chapter 11 and Chapter 29; and
- (5) generally amend County law related to consumer protection.

By amending

Montgomery County Code  
Chapter 11, Consumer Protection  
Sections 11-1, 11-4, 11-5, 11-10, and 11-11

Chapter 29, Landlord-Tenant Relations  
Section 29-8

<b>Boldface</b>	<i>Heading or defined term.</i>
<u>Underlining</u>	<i>Added to existing law by original bill.</i>
[Single boldface brackets]	<i>Deleted from existing law by original bill.</i>
<u>Double underlining</u>	<i>Added by amendment.</i>
[[Double boldface brackets]]	<i>Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.</i>
* * *	<i>Existing law unaffected by bill.</i>

*The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:*

**Sec. 1. Sections 11-1, 11-4, 11-5, 11-10, 11-11, and 29-8 are amended as follows:**

**11-1. Definitions.**

In this Chapter, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:

*Consumer:* A purchaser, lessee, or recipient, or prospective purchaser, lessee or recipient of consumer goods or services, including a co-obligor or surety.

*Consumer goods or services:* Real estate, including rental housing; goods[,]; services[,]; credit[,]; debts[,]; or obligations that are primarily for personal, household, family, or agricultural purposes.

*Merchant:* Any person who offers or makes available to consumers, either directly or indirectly, consumer goods or services.

\* \* \*

*Person:* An individual, proprietor, landlord, partnership, corporation, firm, cooperative, association, or any other group of individuals or legal entity, however organized.

\* \* \*

*Real estate:* Any leasehold or other tangible interest in residential real property, dwelling, building, or other structure located on residential real property, including a condominium unit.

**11-4. Deceptive trade practices.**

A merchant must not engage in a deceptive, unfair, or unconscionable trade practice, whether or not any specific consumer has, in fact, been misled, deceived, or damaged thereby. Deceptive, unfair, or unconscionable trade practices include:

\* \* \*

(d) a representation that consumer goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model, if they are of another;

(e) a misrepresentation as to a material fact that has a tendency to mislead;

(f) a failure to state a material fact if the failure deceives or tends to deceive;

\* \* \*

(y) taking payment for goods or services without delivering the goods or performing the services; or

\* \* \*

# **11-5. Exemptions from chapter.**

This chapter does not apply to:

(a) other than practicing or acting without a license, professional services rendered by any certified public accountants, architects, clergymen, professional engineers, lawyers, veterinarians, insurance agents and brokers licensed by the state, Christian Science practitioners, land surveyors and property line surveyors, optometrists, physical therapists, podiatrists, psychologists, and medical and dental practitioners, engaging in their respective professional activities;

(b) any television or radio broadcasting station or any publisher or printer of a newspaper, magazine, or other form of printed advertising who broadcasts, publishes, or prints an advertisement which violates this Chapter, except insofar as the station or publisher or printer engages in a deceptive or unconscionable practice in the sale or offering for sale of its own goods or services or knows that the advertising violates this Chapter;

(c) public utility companies to the extent that the company's services and operations are regulated by the state Public Service Commission; and

[(d) defective tenancies or other complaints concerning any condition in rental housing which arises out of a landlord-tenant relationship and constitutes a violation of Chapter 29; and]

[(e)](d) the sale of real estate, directly or indirectly, by any owner-occupant of the real estate, except as provided in Section 40-14.

**11-10. Administrative hearing.**

\* \* \*

- (g) In addition to the requirements of Section 2A-10, if the hearing officer finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a person has violated this Chapter, the hearing officer may order the violator to:

\* \* \*

- (5) pay a civil penalty [authorized under Section 11-11] of not more than \$1,000 for each violation; or

\* \* \*

**11-11. Enforcement and penalties.**

- (a) [A person who violates this Chapter is subject to a civil penalty under Section 11-10 of not more than \$1,000 for each violation or the penalty for a Class A violation. If the violation is enforced as a Class A civil violation, the]

Civil citation. A person who violates this Chapter is subject to a Class A violation, with a maximum penalty [is \$1,000 rather than the penalty] set under Section 1-19.

- (b) Enforcement of department orders. The Director may bring an action in any court with jurisdiction to [recover a civil penalty, enjoin any violation of this Chapter, or] enforce any order, decision, summons, or subpoena issued under this Chapter.

- (c) Civil action. The Director may bring a civil action [In any action the Director brings] to enforce this Chapter[, the Director] and may seek damages, restitution, the posting of a bond, or any other available legal or equitable relief, including declaratory, preliminary, temporary, or permanent relief.

(d) Recovery of attorney's fees. If the County is the prevailing party in any enforcement action under subsection (b) or (c), the County may recover costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

**29-8. Enforcement procedure.**

\* \* \*

(c) Recovery of attorney's fees. If the County is the prevailing party in any enforcement action, the County may recover costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

*Approved:*



Kate Stewart, President, County Council

April 1, 2025

Date

*Approved:*



Marc Elrich, County Executive

April 14, 2025

Date

*This is a correct copy of Council action.*



Sara R. Tenenbaum, Clerk of the Council

April 14, 2025

Date